Serial Number: 09/842,019 Filing Date: April 26, 2001

Title: LINK LEVEL PACKET FLOW CONTROL MECHANISM

Assignee: Intel Corporation

Page 6 Dkt: 884.B05US1 (INTEL)

## **IN THE CLAIMS**

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A Link Packet Scheduler for each virtual lane (VL) at a given port, comprising:

a N-bit counter arranged to accumulate free credits relinquished, when a data packet is removed from a receive buffer and [[that]] buffer space is reclaimed as available for data packet storage, or when a link packet is received whose Flow Control Total Bytes Sent (FCTBS) field differs from actual blocks received (ABR) at the given port;

a first comparator arranged to make comparison between accumulated free credits from the N-bit counter and a programmable credit threshold;

a second comparator arranged to make comparison between a current buffer receive utilization indicating a data storage level of the receive buffer and a programmable utilization threshold; and

a logic device arranged to track a current link state of [[the]] <u>a</u> corresponding port, to monitor [[the]] amount of receive buffer resources from the first and second comparators and to schedule for [[the]] transmission of [[a]] <u>said</u> link packet, via a physical link.

2. (Currently Amended) The Link Packet Scheduler as claimed in claim 1, wherein said logic device comprises:

a first OR gate arranged to track whether a Link State Machine transitions into one of [[the]] <u>a</u> LinkInitialize, [[the]] <u>a</u> LinkArm and [[the]] <u>a</u> LinkActive state, whether a configuration strap for enabling loopback operation changes states, and whether a per-VL Link Packet Watchdog Timer expires, and generate therefrom a logic signal;

an AND gate arranged to logically combine outputs of the first comparator and the second comparator and produce [[a]] another logic signal; and

a second OR gate arranged to logically combine the logic signals from the first OR gate and the AND gate and generate an indication for transmission of the link packet for the virtual lane (VL) on the given port.

Serial Number: 09/842,019

Filing Date: April 26, 2001
Title: LINK LEVEL PACKET FLOW CONTROL MECHANISM

Assignee: Intel Corporation

Page 7 Dkt: 884.B05US1 (INTEL)

3. (Currently Amended) The Link Packet Scheduler as claimed in claim 2, wherein said Link Packet Watchdog Timer is utilized to ensure that at minimum link packets will be

independently scheduled at least once every 65,536 symbol times in accordance with [[the]]

InfiniBandTM specification.

4. (Original) The Link Packet Scheduler as claimed in claim 1, wherein each of said credits is

defined to be 64-bytes of available receive buffer space.

5. (Currently Amended) The Link Packet Scheduler as claimed in claim 1, wherein said link

packet contains at least a Flow Control Total Block Sent (FCTBS) field which is generated by

[[the]] a transmitter logic and is set to [[the]] a total number of blocks (64 bytes) transmitted

since link initialization, and a Flow Control Credit Limit (FCCL) field which is generated by

[[the]] receiver logic and is used to grant transmission credits to [[the]] a remote transmitter.

6. (Currently Amended) The Link Packet Scheduler as claimed in claim 5, wherein said

Flow Control Total Block Sent (FCTBS) field and said Flow Control Credit Limit (FCCL) field

are used to guarantee that data is never lost due to lack of said receive buffer at [[each]] the end

of [[a]] the physical link.

7. (Original) The Link Packet Scheduler as claimed in claim 1, wherein said programmable

utilization threshold is set such that the receive buffer has multiple data packets pending

processing.

1

8. (Currently Amended) A data network, comprising:

a host system having a host-fabric adapter;

at least one remote system;

a switch fabric which interconnects said host system via said host-fabric adapter to said at

least one remote system along different physical links for data communications; and

Serial Number: 09/842,019 Filing Date: April 26, 2001

Title: LINK LEVEL PACKET FLOW CONTROL MECHANISM

Assignee: Intel Corporation

one or more communication ports provided in said host-fabric adapter of said host system each port including a set of transmit and receive buffers eapable of sending and receiving to send and receive data packets concurrently via respective transmitter and receiver at an end of a physical link, via said switched fabric, and a flow control mechanism utilized to prevent loss of data due to receive buffer overflow at the end of said physical link, said flow control mechanism including a N-bit counter arranged to accumulate free credits relinquished, when a data packet is removed from a receive buffer and buffer space is reclaimed as available for data packet storage, or when a link packet is received whose Flow Control Total Bytes Sent (FCTBS) field differs from actual blocks received (ABR) at a given port, a first comparator arranged to make comparison between accumulated free credits from the N-bit counter and a programmable credit threshold, a second comparator arranged to make comparison between a current buffer receive utilization indicating a data storage level of the receive buffer and a programmable utilization threshold, and a logic device arranged to track a current link state of a corresponding port, to monitor the amount of receive buffer resources from the first and second comparators and to schedule for the transmission of the link packet, via the physical link.

9. (Currently Amended) <u>A data network, comprising:</u>

a host system having a host-fabric adapter;

at least one remote system;

a switch fabric which interconnects said host system via said host-fabric adapter to said at least one remote system along different physical links for data communications; and one or more communication ports provided in said host-fabric adapter of said host system each port including a set of transmit and receive buffers to send and receive data packets concurrently via respective transmitter and receiver at an end of a physical link, via said switched fabric, and a flow control mechanism utilized to prevent loss of data due to receive buffer overflow at the end of said physical link. The data network as claimed in claim 8, wherein said flow control mechanism is configured to support flow control through multiple virtual lanes VLs on [[the]] a given port and to perform:

Title: LINK LEVEL PACKET FLOW CONTROL MECHANISM

Assignee: Intel Corporation

determining when a Link State Machine transitions into one of a LinkInitialize state, a LinkArm state and a LinkActive state, or when a configuration strap for enabling loopback operation changes states;

if the Link State Machine transitions into one of the LinkInitialize state, the LinkArm state and a LinkActive state, or when the configuration strap for enabling loopback operation changes states, scheduling [[a]] said link packet transmission for all supported virtual lanes VLs on [[a]] the given port;

if the Link State Machine does not transition into one of the LinkInitialize state, the LinkArm state and a LinkActive state, or when the configuration strap for enabling loopback operation does not change states, determining whether a Link Packet Watchdog Timer per virtual lane VL has expired;

if the per VL Link Packet Watchdog Timer has expired, scheduling a link packet transmission for [[that]] a virtual lane VL corresponding to said timer;

if the per VL Link Packet Watchdog Timer has not expired, determining whether a receive buffer utilization indicating a data storage level of the receive buffer exceeds a programmable utilization threshold;

if the receive buffer utilization exceeds the programmable utilization threshold, prohibiting the link packet transmission for that virtual lane VL;

if the receive buffer utilization does not exceed the programmable utilization threshold, determining whether free credits accumulated exceeds a programmable credit threshold;

if the free credits accumulated exceeds the programmable credit threshold, scheduling [[a]] the link packet transmission for that virtual lane VL; and

if the free credits accumulated does not exceed the programmable credit threshold, prohibiting the link packet transmission for that virtual lane VL.

10. (Original) The data network as claimed in claim 9, wherein each of said credits is 64-bytes from the receive buffer, and said credits are relinquished when data packets are removed from the receive buffer and that space is reclaimed as available for packet storage, or when link packets are received whose Flow Control Total Bytes Sent (FCTBS) fields differ from actual blocks received (ABR) at the given port.

Serial Number: 09/842,019, Filing Date: April 26, 2001

Title: LINK LEVEL PACKET FLOW CONTROL MECHANISM

Assignee: Intel Corporation

11. (Currently Amended) The data network as claimed in claim 8, wherein said flow control mechanism contains a Link Packet Scheduler per virtual lane (VL) arranged to schedule a link packet transmission for that virtual lane VL in accordance with InfiniBand<sup>TM</sup> specification.

Page 10

Dkt: 884.B05US1 (INTEL)

## 12. (Currently Amended) A data network, comprising:

a host system having a host-fabric adapter;

at least one remote system;

a switch fabric which interconnects said host system via said host-fabric adapter to said at

least one remote system along different physical links for data communications; and
one or more communication ports provided in said host-fabric adapter of said host system
each port including a set of transmit and receive buffers to send and receive data packets
concurrently via respective transmitter and receiver at an end of a physical link, via said switched
fabric, and a flow control mechanism utilized to prevent loss of data due to receive buffer
overflow at the end of said physical link, wherein said flow control mechanism contains a Link
Packet Scheduler per virtual lane (VL) arranged to schedule a link packet transmission for a
virtual lane VL corresponding to said Link Packet Scheduler The data network as claimed in
elaim 11, wherein said Link Packet Scheduler comprises:

a N-bit counter arranged to accumulate free credits relinquished, when a data packet is removed from a receive buffer and [[that]] buffer space is reclaimed as available for data packet storage, or when [[a]] the link packet is received whose Flow Control Total Bytes Sent (FCTBS) field differs from actual blocks received (ABR) at [[the]] a given port;

a first comparator arranged to make comparison between accumulated free credits from the N-bit counter and a programmable credit threshold;

a second comparator arranged to make comparison between a current buffer receive utilization indicating a data storage level of the receive buffer and a programmable utilization threshold; and

a logic device arranged to track [[the]] <u>a</u> current link state of [[the]] <u>a</u> corresponding port, to monitor [[the]] amount of receive buffer resources from the first and

Serial Number: 09/842,019 Filing Date: April 26, 2001

Title: LINK LEVEL PACKET FLOW CONTROL MECHANISM

Assignee: Intel Corporation

second comparators and to schedule [[the]] transmission of [[a]] the link packet, via [[a]] the physical link.

13. (Currently Amended) The data network as claimed in claim 12, wherein said logic device comprises:

a first OR gate arranged to track whether a Link State Machine transitions into one of [[the]] a LinkInitialize, [[the]] a LinkArm and [[the]] a LinkActive state, whether a configuration strap for enabling loopback operation changes states, and whether a per-VL Link Packet Watchdog Timer expires at a predetermined symbol time, and to produce therefrom [[a]] another logic signal;

an AND gate arranged to logically combine outputs of the first comparator and the second comparator and to produce a logic signal; and

a second OR gate arranged to logically combine the logic signals from the first OR gate and the AND gate and to produce an indication for transmission of the link packet for the virtual lane (VL) on the given port.

- 14. (Currently Amended) The data network as claimed in claim 12, wherein [[said]] <u>a</u> Link Packet Watchdog Timer is utilized to ensure that at minimum link packets will be independently scheduled at least once every 65,536 symbol times in accordance with [[the]] InfiniBandTM specification.
- 15. (Original) The data network as claimed in claim 12, wherein each of said credits is defined to be 64-bytes of available receive buffer space.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The data network as claimed in claim 12, wherein said link packet contains at least a Flow Control Total Block Sent (FCTBS) field which is generated by [[the]] a transmitter logic and is set to [[the]] a total number of blocks (64 bytes) transmitted since link initialization, and a Flow Control Credit Limit (FCCL) field which is generated by [[the]] a receiver logic and is used to grant transmission credits to [[the]] a remote transmitter.

Serial Number: 09/842,019 Filing Date: April 26, 2001

Title: LINK LEVEL PACKET FLOW CONTROL MECHANISM

Assignee: Intel Corporation

17. (Currently Amended) The data network as claimed in claim 16, wherein said Flow Control Total Block Sent (FCTBS) field and said Flow Control Credit Limit (FCCL) field are used to guarantee that data is never lost due to lack of <u>said</u> receive buffer at [[each]] <u>the</u> end of [[a]] the physical link.

- 18. (Original) The data network as claimed in claim 12, wherein said programmable utilization threshold is set such that the receive buffer has multiple data packets pending processing.
- 19. (Currently Amended) A method of flow control of a link packet in a host-fabric adapter installed in a data network, comprising:

determining when a Link State Machine transitions into one of a LinkInitialize state, a LinkArm state and a LinkActive state, or when a configuration strap for enabling loopback operation changes state;

if the Link State Machine transitions into one of the LinkInitialize state, the LinkArm state and a LinkActive state, or when the configuration strap for enabling loopback operation changes states, scheduling transmission of a link packet for all supported virtual lanes VLs on a given port;

if the Link State Machine does not transition into one of the LinkInitialize state, the LinkArm state and a LinkActive state, or when the configuration strap for enabling loopback operation does not change states, determining whether a Link Packet Watchdog Timer per virtual lane VL has expired;

if the per VL Link Packet Watchdog Timer has expired, scheduling transmission of [[a]] said link packet for [[that]] a virtual lane VL corresponding to said timer;

if the per VL Link Packet Watchdog Timer has not expired, determining whether a receive buffer utilization indicating a data storage level [[of the]] of a corresponding receive buffer exceeds a programmable utilization threshold;

if the receive buffer utilization exceeds the programmable utilization threshold, prohibiting transmission of [[a]] the link packet for that virtual lane VL;

if the receive buffer utilization does not exceed the programmable utilization threshold, determining whether free credits accumulated exceeds a programmable credit threshold;

if the free credits accumulated exceeds the programmable credit threshold, scheduling transmission of [[a]] the link packet for that virtual lane VL; and

if the free credits accumulated does not exceed the programmable credit threshold, prohibiting transmission of [[a]] the link packet for that virtual lane VL.

- 20. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 19, wherein each of said credits is 64-bytes from the receive buffer, and said credits are relinquished when data packets are removed from the receive buffer and [[that]] space is reclaimed as available for packet storage, or when link packets are received whose Flow Control Total Bytes Sent (FCTBS) fields differ from actual blocks received (ABR) at [[the]] a given port.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 19, wherein said Link Packet Watchdog Timer is utilized to ensure that at minimum link packets will be independently scheduled at least once every 65,536 symbol times in accordance with [[the]] InfiniBandTM specification.
- 22. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 19, wherein each of said credits is defined to be 64-bytes of available receive buffer space.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 19, wherein said link packet contains at least a Flow Control Total Block Sent (FCTBS) field which is generated by [[the]] a transmitter logic and is set to [[the]] a total number of blocks (64 bytes) transmitted since link initialization, and a Flow Control Credit Limit (FCCL) field which is generated by [[the]] a receiver logic and is used to grant transmission credits to [[the]] a remote transmitter.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 19, wherein [[said]] <u>a</u> Flow Control Total Block Sent (FCTBS) field and [[said]] <u>a</u> Flow Control Credit Limit (FCCL) field are used to guarantee that data is never lost due to lack of <u>said</u> receive buffer at [[each]] <u>the</u> end of [[a]] the physical link.

Serial Number: 09/842,019 Filing Date: April 26, 2001

Title: LINK LEVEL PACKET FLOW CONTROL MECHANISM
Assignee: Intel Corporation

25. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 19, wherein said programmable utilization threshold is set such that the receive buffer has multiple data packets pending processing.

Page 14 Dkt: 884.B05US1 (INTEL)